

**1. Identification**

<b>Product identifier</b>	<b>PENNGUARD BLOCK WASH PRIMER PART A</b>	
<b>Other means of identification</b>	None.	
<b>Recommended use</b>	Not available.	
<b>Recommended restrictions</b>	None known.	
<b>Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information</b>		
<b>Company Name</b>	ErgonArmor, a division of Ergon Asphalt & Emulsions, Inc.	
<b>Address</b>	2829 Lakeland Drive Jackson, MS 39232 USA	
<b>After hours telephone number</b>	1-800-222-7122	
<b>Normal work hours telephone number</b>	1-877-982-7667	
<b>Website</b>	www.ergonarmor.com	
<b>E-mail</b>	sds@ergon.com	
<b>Emergency 24-hour telephone number</b>	CHEMTREC: North America 1-800-424-9300 International 1-800-527-3887	
<b>Information on operation hours</b>	8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.	

**2. Hazard(s) identification**

<b>Physical hazards</b>	Flammable liquids	Category 3
<b>Health hazards</b>	Acute toxicity, oral	Category 4
	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1
	Sensitization, skin	Category 1
	Germ cell mutagenicity	Category 1
	Carcinogenicity	Category 2
	Reproductive toxicity	Category 2
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 2
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 respiratory tract irritation
	Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure	Category 1
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard	Category 2
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 2
<b>OSHA defined hazards</b>	Not classified.	

**Label elements**


**Signal word** Danger

**Hazard statement** May cause damage to organs. Flammable liquid and vapor. Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful if swallowed. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Suspected of causing cancer by ingestion.

## Precautionary statement

### Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting// equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Avoid release to the environment. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wash thoroughly after handling.

### Response

Rinse mouth. IF exposed or if you feel unwell: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Collect spillage. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

### Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

### Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

### Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

### Supplemental information

38% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity. % of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. % of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE		108-65-6	< 40
ETHANOL		64-17-5	< 30
1-BUTANOL		71-36-3	< 25
METHANOL		67-56-1	< 5
Hexavalent chromium		7789-00-6	1 - < 3
Other components below reportable levels			0 - 40

\*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

## 4. First-aid measures

### Inhalation

Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

### Skin contact

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

### Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention immediately.

### Ingestion

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

### General information

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Suitable extinguishing media

Alcohol resistant foam. Water fog. Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

### Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

<b>Specific hazards arising from the chemical</b>	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water.
<b>Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters</b>	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
<b>Fire fighting equipment/instructions</b>	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
<b>Specific methods</b>	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
<b>General fire hazards</b>	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

## 6. Accidental release measures

<b>Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures</b>	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
<b>Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up</b>	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. This material is classified as a water pollutant under the Clean Water Act and should be prevented from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems which lead to waterways.  Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Following product recovery, flush area with water.  Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.  Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
<b>Environmental precautions</b>	Avoid release to the environment. Contact local authorities in case of spillage to drain/aquatic environment. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not contaminate water. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not get this material in contact with eyes. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid contact with skin. Avoid contact during pregnancy/while nursing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Avoid contact with clothing. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Do not empty into drains.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Avoid spark promoters. Eliminate sources of ignition. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Refrigeration recommended. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Occupational exposure limits

#### US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Components	Type	Value
Hexavalent chromium (CAS 7789-00-6)	TWA	0.005 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

#### US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
1-BUTANOL (CAS 71-36-3)	PEL	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 100 ppm
ETHANOL (CAS 64-17-5)	PEL	1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 1000 ppm
Hexavalent chromium (CAS 7789-00-6)	PEL	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)	PEL	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 200 ppm

#### US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
Hexavalent chromium (CAS 7789-00-6)	Ceiling	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

#### US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value
1-BUTANOL (CAS 71-36-3)	TWA	20 ppm
ETHANOL (CAS 64-17-5)	STEL	1000 ppm
Hexavalent chromium (CAS 7789-00-6)	TWA	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)	STEL TWA	250 ppm 200 ppm

**US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards**

Components	Type	Value
1-BUTANOL (CAS 71-36-3)	Ceiling	150 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 50 ppm
ETHANOL (CAS 64-17-5)	TWA	1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 1000 ppm
METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)	STEL	325 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 250 ppm
	TWA	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 200 ppm

**US. AIHA Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (WEEL) Guides**

Components	Type	Value
2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE (CAS 108-65-6)	TWA	50 ppm

**Biological limit values****ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Hexavalent chromium (CAS 7789-00-6)	25 µg/l	Total chromium	Urine	*
	10 µg/l	Total chromium	Urine	*
METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)	15 mg/l	Methanol	Urine	*

\* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

**Exposure guidelines****US - California OELs: Skin designation**

1-BUTANOL (CAS 71-36-3)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE (CAS 108-65-6)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)	Can be absorbed through the skin.

**US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies**

1-BUTANOL (CAS 71-36-3)	Skin designation applies.
METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)	Skin designation applies.

**US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation**

1-BUTANOL (CAS 71-36-3)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)	Can be absorbed through the skin.

**US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation**

METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
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**US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation**

1-BUTANOL (CAS 71-36-3)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)	Can be absorbed through the skin.

**Appropriate engineering controls**

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

**Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment**

**Eye/face protection** Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) and a face shield.

**Skin protection**

**Hand protection** Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

**Other** Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.

**Respiratory protection** If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn.

**Thermal hazards** Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

**General hygiene considerations**

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands after handling and before eating.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

<b>Physical state</b>	Liquid.
<b>Form</b>	Liquid.
<b>Color</b>	Not available.

**Odor** Not available.

**Odor threshold** Not available.

**pH** Not available.

**Melting point/freezing point** -173.38 °F (-114.1 °C) estimated

**Initial boiling point and boiling range** 148.46 °F (64.7 °C) estimated

**Flash point** 101.0 °F (38.3 °C) Tag Closed Cup

**Evaporation rate** Not available.

**Flammability (solid, gas)** Not available.

### Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

**Flammability limit - lower (%)** 1.5 % estimated

**Flammability limit - upper (%)** 11.3 % estimated

**Explosive limit - lower (%)** 1.3

**Explosive limit - upper (%)** 36.5

**Vapor pressure** Not available.

**Vapor density** Not available.

**Relative density** Not available.

### Solubility(ies)

**Solubility (water)** Not available.

**Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)** Not available.

**Auto-ignition temperature** > 930.2 °F (> 499 °C)

**Decomposition temperature** Not available.

**Viscosity** Not available.

### Other information

**Density** 0.43 g/cm<sup>3</sup> estimated

**Flammability class** Flammable IB estimated

## 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity** The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

**Chemical stability** Material is stable under normal conditions.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions** Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

**Incompatible materials** Strong oxidizing agents. Alkaline metals.

**Hazardous decomposition products** No hazardous decomposition products are known.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

**Inhalation** Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. May cause damage to organs by inhalation.

**Skin contact** Causes skin irritation.

**Eye contact** Causes serious eye damage.

**Ingestion**

Harmful if swallowed.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics**

Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

**Information on toxicological effects****Acute toxicity**

Harmful if swallowed. Expected to be a low hazard for usual industrial or commercial handling by trained personnel.

Components	Species	Test Results
1-BUTANOL (CAS 71-36-3)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg
<b>Inhalation</b>		
LC50	Rat	8000 ppm, 4 Hours
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	790 mg/kg
ETHANOL (CAS 64-17-5)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	6.2 g/kg
METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rabbit	15800 mg/kg
<b>Inhalation</b>		
LC50	Rat	64000 ppm, 4 Hours
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	5628 mg/kg

\* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

Causes skin irritation.

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

Causes serious eye damage.

**Respiratory or skin sensitization****Respiratory sensitization**

Not available.

**Skin sensitization**

This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

**Carcinogenicity**

This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.

**IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity**

Hexavalent chromium (CAS 7789-00-6)

1 Carcinogenic to humans.

**US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens**

Hexavalent chromium (CAS 7789-00-6)

Known To Be Human Carcinogen.

**US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)**

Hexavalent chromium (CAS 7789-00-6)

Cancer

**Reproductive toxicity**

Possible reproductive hazard. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

**Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure**

Not classified.

**Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure**

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

**Chronic effects**

Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**12. Ecological information****Ecotoxicity**

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Accumulation in aquatic organisms is expected.

Product	Species	Test Results	
PENNGUARD BLOCK WASH PRIMER PART A			
<b>Aquatic</b>			
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	226.6789 mg/l, 48 hours estimated
Fish	LC50	Fish	4250.6216 mg/l, 96 hours estimated
Components	Species	Test Results	
1-BUTANOL (CAS 71-36-3)			
<b>Aquatic</b>			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1897 - 2072 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	100 - 500 mg/l, 96 hours
ETHANOL (CAS 64-17-5)			
<b>Aquatic</b>			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	7.7 - 11.2 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	> 100 mg/l, 96 hours
Hexavalent chromium (CAS 7789-00-6)			
<b>Aquatic</b>			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia pulex)	0.024 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Sheepshead minnow (Cyprinodon variegatus)	23 - 27 mg/l, 96 hours
METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)			
<b>Aquatic</b>			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	> 10000 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	> 100 mg/l, 96 hours

\* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

**Persistence and degradability** No data is available on the degradability of this product.

**Bioaccumulative potential** No data available.

**Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)**

1-BUTANOL	0.88
ETHANOL	-0.31
METHANOL	-0.77

**Mobility in soil** No data available.

**Other adverse effects** No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

**13. Disposal considerations**

**Disposal instructions** Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

**Local disposal regulations** Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

**Hazardous waste code** The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

**Waste from residues / unused products** Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).



**Contaminated packaging**

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

**14. Transport information****DOT**

<b>UN number</b>	UN1263
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	Paint related material including paint thinning, drying, removing, or reducing compound, MARINE POLLUTANT
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	
<b>Class</b>	3
<b>Subsidiary risk</b>	-
<b>Label(s)</b>	3
<b>Packing group</b>	III
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	
<b>Marine pollutant</b>	Yes
<b>Special precautions for user</b>	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
<b>Special provisions</b>	B1, B52, IB3, T2, TP1, TP29
<b>Packaging exceptions</b>	150
<b>Packaging non bulk</b>	173
<b>Packaging bulk</b>	242

**IATA**

<b>UN number</b>	UN1263
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	Paint related material (including paint thinning or reducing compounds)
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	
<b>Class</b>	3
<b>Subsidiary risk</b>	-
<b>Packing group</b>	III
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	No.
<b>ERG Code</b>	3L
<b>Special precautions for user</b>	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
<b>Other information</b>	
<b>Passenger and cargo aircraft</b>	Allowed with restrictions.
<b>Cargo aircraft only</b>	Allowed with restrictions.

**IMDG**

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code** Not available.

**DOT**

IATA



Marine pollutant



General information

DOT Regulated Marine Pollutant. IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant.

## 15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

### TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Hexavalent chromium (CAS 7789-00-6)

0.1 % Annual Export Notification required.

### CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

1-BUTANOL (CAS 71-36-3)

Listed.

ETHANOL (CAS 64-17-5)

Listed.

Hexavalent chromium (CAS 7789-00-6)

Listed.

METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)

Listed.

### US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Hexavalent chromium (CAS 7789-00-6)

Cancer  
Eye irritation  
Skin sensitization

### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories

Immediate Hazard - Yes  
Delayed Hazard - Yes  
Fire Hazard - Yes  
Pressure Hazard - No  
Reactivity Hazard - No

### SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312

No

Hazardous chemical

### SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
1-BUTANOL	71-36-3	19
Hexavalent chromium	7789-00-6	1.4
METHANOL	67-56-1	3

Other federal regulations

### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Hexavalent chromium (CAS 7789-00-6)

METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)

**Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)**

Not regulated.

**Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)** Not regulated.**US state regulations****US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance**

ETHANOL (CAS 64-17-5)	Listed: April 29, 2011
	Listed: July 1, 1988
Hexavalent chromium (CAS 7789-00-6)	Listed: February 27, 1987

**US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin**

ETHANOL (CAS 64-17-5)	Listed: October 1, 1987
Hexavalent chromium (CAS 7789-00-6)	Listed: December 19, 2008
METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)	Listed: March 16, 2012

**US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Female reproductive toxin**

Hexavalent chromium (CAS 7789-00-6)	Listed: December 19, 2008
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**US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Male reproductive toxin**

Hexavalent chromium (CAS 7789-00-6)	Listed: December 19, 2008
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**US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))**

Hexavalent chromium (CAS 7789-00-6)
METHANOL (CAS 67-56-1)

**International Inventories**

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

**16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision****Issue date** 07-29-2015**Revision date** 10-04-2016**Version #** 03**NFPA ratings**  
Health: 3  
Flammability: 3  
Instability: 0**Disclaimer** The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.**Revision information**  
Hazard(s) identification: Response  
Hazard(s) identification: Prevention  
Hazard(s) identification: Hazard statement  
Hazard(s) identification: Supplemental information  
Physical & Chemical Properties: Multiple Properties  
Transport Information: Proper Shipping Name/Packing Group  
GHS: Classification