ERGONE

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier Ultra Low Sulfur Diesel, Dyed

Other means of identification None. Recommended use **Fuels**

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Company: Ergon, Inc. Address: P.O. Box 1639 Jackson, MS 39215 E-mail:

Emergency Contacts

Customer Service: 1-800-222-7122

Chemtrec: 1-800-424-9300 After Business Hours (North America Only)

sds@ergon.com

1-703-527-3887 After Business Hours (International)

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 4 **Health hazards** Acute toxicity, oral Category 4 Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2 Carcinogenicity Category 2 Specific target organ toxicity, repeated Category 2

exposure

Aspiration hazard Category 1

Environmental hazards Not classified. **OSHA** defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Warning

Hazard statement Combustible liquid. Harmful if swallowed. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes

skin irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or

repeated exposure.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

> and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

If swallowed: Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. If on skin: Wash with Response

plenty of water. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of

fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up. Storage

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise

classified (HNOC)

None known.

Supplemental information Not applicable.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED LIGHT		64742-47-8	45
KEROSINE (PETROLEUM), HYDRODESULFURIZED		64742-81-0	45
Biodiesel (Canola derived)		129828-16-6	0 - 20
Biodiesel (Fatty Acid, Methyl Ester)		68937-84-8	0 - 20
Biodiesel (Rapeseed derived)		73891-99-3	0 - 20
Biodiesel (Soybean derived)		67784-80-9	0 - 20
Biodiesel (Tallow derived)		61788-61-2	0 - 20
NAPHTHALENE		91-20-3	1.5
XYLENE		1330-20-7	0.25
ETHYLBENZENE		100-41-4	< 0.1
TOLUENE		108-88-3	< 0.1
Other components below reportable	e levels		8.5

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation If breathing is difficult, remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Call a physician if

symptoms develop or persist.

Skin contactRemove and isolate contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash off immediately with soap and plenty

of water. Rinse skin with water/shower. For minor skin contact, avoid spreading material on

unaffected skin. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If a contact lens is present, DO

NOT delay irrigation or attempt to remove the lens. Get medical attention if irritation develops and

persists.

Ingestion If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Call a POISON

Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes. Irritant effects.

CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth thoroughly. Do not induce vomiting without advice from poison control center. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested the substance. Induce artificial recrietion with the aid of a pocket mark equipped with a one way valve.

substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve

or other proper respiratory medical device.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Indication of immediate

medical attention and special treatment needed

In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General informationEnsure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to

protect themselves. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash

contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media Water spray. Water fog. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Alcohol resistant foam. Halon.

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire. Do not use water jet as an

extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

By heating and fire, harmful vapors/gases may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA. Structural firefighters protective clothing will only provide limited protection.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Water runoff can cause environmental damage.

Specific methods

In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move container from fire area if it can be done without risk. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

General fire hazards

Flammable liquid and vapor.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep upwind. Keep out of low areas. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area), Remove sources of ignition. Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Absorb spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth or absorbent material then place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Prevent product from entering drains

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Environmental precautions

Never return spills in original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not contaminate water. Contact local authorities in case of spillage to drain/aquatic environment. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. DO NOT handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Avoid contact with skin. Avoid contact with eyes. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wear personal protective equipment. Do not use in areas without adequate ventilation. Avoid prolonged exposure. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in cool place. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store in a closed container away from incompatible materials. Use care in handling/storage. Store in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре	Value	
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3)	PEL	50 mg/m3	
		10 ppm	
XYLENE (CAS 1330-20-7)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000)			
Components	Туре	Value	
TOLUENE (CAS 108-88-3)	Ceiling	300 ppm	

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US. OSHA Table Z-2 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре	Value	
	TWA	200 ppm	
JS. ACGIH Threshold Limit Valu			
Material	Туре	Value	Form
Jltra Low Sulfur Diesel, Dyed	TWA	100 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction and vapor.
Components	Туре	Value	Form
THYLBENZENE (CAS .00-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm	
(EROSINE (PETROLEUM), HYDRODESULFURIZED CAS 64742-81-0)	TWA	200 mg/m3	Non-aerosol.
NAPHTHALENE (CAS 11-20-3)	TWA	10 ppm	
FOLUENE (CAS 108-88-3)	TWA	20 ppm	
XYLENE (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	150 ppm	
	TWA	100 ppm	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Che	emical Hazards		
Components	Туре	Value	
DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED LIGHT (CAS 64742-47-8)	TWA	100 mg/m3	
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	STEL	545 mg/m3	
		125 ppm	
	TWA	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
KEROSINE (PETROLEUM), HYDRODESULFURIZED (CAS 64742-81-0)	TWA	100 mg/m3	
NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3)	STEL	75 mg/m3	
		15 ppm	
	TWA	50 mg/m3	
		10 ppm	
TOLUENE (CAS 108-88-3)	STEL	560 mg/m3	
		150 ppm	
	TWA	375 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
(YLENE (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	655 mg/m3	
		150 ppm	
		425 / 2	
	TWA	435 mg/m3	

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Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Expos Components	ure Indices Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time	
ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)	0.15 g/g	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*	
TOLUENE (CAS 108-88-3)	0.3 mg/g	o-Cresol, with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*	
	0.03 mg/l	Toluene	Urine	*	
	0.02 mg/l	Toluene	Blood	*	

Methylhippuric

acids

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

XYLENE (CAS 1330-20-7) 1.5 q/q

NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

TOLUENE (CAS 108-88-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

TOLUENE (CAS 108-88-3) Skin designation applies.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

KEROSINE (PETROLEUM), HYDRODESULFURIZED (CAS Can be absorbed through the skin. 64742-81-0)

NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering

controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Creatinine in

urine

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). Eye wash fountain is recommended.

Skin protection

Hand protection Chemical resistant gloves are recommended. If contact with forearms is likely wear gauntlet style

gloves.

Other Wear suitable protective clothing. Wear protective gloves. Normal work clothing (long sleeved shirts

and long pants) is recommended.

Respiratory protection Use personal protective equipment as required. Use a positive-pressure air-supplied respirator if

there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection. When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

No personal respiratory protective equipment normally required.

Thermal hazards Not available.

General hygiene considerations

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid contact with skin. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Handle in accordance with good

industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance Liquid.
Physical state Liquid.
Form Liquid.

ColorLight yellow or StrawOdorMild Petroleum Odor

Odor threshold Not available. pH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point 176.36 °F (80.2 °C) estimated / > -20 °F (> -28.89 °C) ASTM D 5949

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^{* -} For sampling details, please see the source document.

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

340 - 640 °F (171.11 - 337.78 °C) ASTM D 86

Flash point >= 130.0 °F (>= 54.4 °C) Pensky-Martens Closed Cup ASTM D 93

Evaporation rate < 0.1

Flammability (solid, gas) Not available. Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits Flammability limit - lower 0.7 % estimated

(%)

Flammability limit -

upper (%)

5.9 % estimated

Explosive limit - lower

(%)

Not available.

Explosive limit - upper

(%)

Not available.

< 1 mm Hg at 20°C Vapor pressure

Vapor density Not available. Not available. **Relative density**

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not available. **Partition coefficient** Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

410 °F (210 °C) estimated **Auto-ignition temperature**

Decomposition temperature Not available.

2.2 cSt (100 °F (37.78 °C) ASTM D 445) **Viscosity**

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity Not available.

Chemical stability Risk of ignition. Stable under normal temperature conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

products

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks. High temperatures. **Incompatible materials** Strong acids, alkalies and oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition

Combustion products may include sulfur oxides and hydrogen sulfide. Upon decomposition, this

product emits carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and water.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. May cause damage to organs by inhalation.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation.

Eye contact Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Ingestion Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Harmful if swallowed. Expected to be a low hazard for usual industrial or commercial handling by

trained personnel.

Components **Species Test Results**

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

Acute Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 17800 mg/kg

Components Species Test Results

Oral LD50

Rat

3500 mg/kg

NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3)

<u>Acute</u> Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 2 g/kg

TOLUENE (CAS 108-88-3)

<u>Acute</u> Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 12120 mg/kg

XYLENE (CAS 1330-20-7)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 43 g/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Rat 6350 mg/l, 4 Hours

Skin corrosion/irritation

Serious eye damage/eye

Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Causes skin irritation.

irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicityNo data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity Suspected of causing cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3)

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

TOLUENE (CAS 108-88-3)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

XYLENE (CAS 1330-20-7)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

Not regulated.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3) Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicityThis product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity

- single exposure

Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity

- repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Contains a substance which causes risk of hazardous effects to the environment.

Product Species Test Results

Ultra Low Sulfur Diesel, Dyed

Aquatic
Crustacea EC50 Daphnia 179.6778 mg/l, 48 hours estimated
Fish LC50 Fish 6.3859 mg/l, 96 hours estimated

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Components Species Test Results

DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED LIGHT (CAS 64742-47-8)

Aquatic

Fish LC50 Rainbow trout, donaldson trout 2.9 mg/l, 96 hours

(Oncorhynchus mykiss)

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

Aquatic

Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Daphnia magna) 1.37 - 4.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 7.5 - 11 mg/l, 96 hours

NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3)

Aquatic

Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Daphnia magna) 1.09 - 3.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish LC50 Pink salmon (Oncorhynchus gorbuscha) 1.11 - 1.68 mg/l, 96 hours

TOLUENE (CAS 108-88-3)

Aquatic

Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Daphnia magna) 5.46 - 9.83 mg/l, 48 hours

Fish LC50 Coho salmon, silver salmon 8.11 mg/l, 96 hours

(Oncorhynchus kisutch)

XYLENE (CAS 1330-20-7)

Aquatic

Fish LC50 Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus) 7.711 - 9.591 mg/l, 96 hours

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential Not available.

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

 ETHYLBENZENE
 3.15

 NAPHTHALENE
 3.3

 TOLUENE
 2.73

 XYLENE
 3.12 - 3.2

Mobility in soilNot available.Other adverse effectsNot available.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructionsDispose of waste at an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable

laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal. Do not discharge into drains,

water courses or onto the ground.

Hazardous waste code

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues /

unused products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product

residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal

instructions). Avoid discharge into water courses or onto the ground.

Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number NA1993

UN proper shipping name Combustible Liquid, n.o.s.

Transport hazard class(es)

Class Combustible Liquid

Subsidiary risk - Packing group III

Material name: Ultra Low Sulfur Diesel, Dyed

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^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Special precautions for Not available.

user

IATA

UN number UN1202 **UN** proper shipping name Diesel Fuel

Transport hazard class(es) Class 3 **Subsidiary risk Packing group** III**Environmental hazards** No.

Special precautions for

user

ERG Code

Not available.

3L

Passenger and cargo

Allowed with restrictions.

aircraft

Other information

Cargo aircraft only Allowed with restrictions.

IMDG

UN number UN1202 **UN proper shipping name** DIESEL FUEL

Transport hazard class(es) Class 3 **Subsidiary risk Packing group** III**Environmental hazards**

Marine pollutant No. F-E, S-E **EmS** Special precautions for Not available.

Transport in bulk according to Not available. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78

and the IBC Code

IATA; IMDG



15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard,

29 CFR 1910.1200.

All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4) Listed. NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3) Listed. **TOLUENE (CAS 108-88-3)** Listed. XYLENE (CAS 1330-20-7) Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

Not regulated.

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Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

categories

Classified hazard

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)

Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)

Skin corrosion or irritation

Carcinogenicity
Reproductive toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

Aspiration hazard

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.	
NAPHTHALENE	91-20-3	1.5	

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4) NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3) TOLUENE (CAS 108-88-3) XYLENE (CAS 1330-20-7)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

TOLUENE (CAS 108-88-3) 6594

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

TOLUENE (CAS 108-88-3) 35 %WV

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

TOLUENE (CAS 108-88-3) 594

US state regulations

Product may be subject to reporting in states other than those listed for individual components.

California Proposition 65



WARNING: WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4) Listed: June 11, 2004 NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3) Listed: April 19, 2002

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

TOLUENE (CAS 108-88-3) Listed: January 1, 1991

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

DISTILLATES (PETROLEUM), HYDROTREATED LIGHT (CAS 64742-47-8)

ETHYLBENZENE (CAS 100-41-4)

KEROSINE (PETROLEUM), HYDRODESULFURIZED (CAS 64742-81-0)

NAPHTHALENE (CAS 91-20-3) TOLUENE (CAS 108-88-3) XYLENE (CAS 1330-20-7)

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances	Yes

Taiwan Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI) Yes United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory Yes

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

05-07-2014 **Issue date Revision date** 08-08-2019

Version # 03

NFPA ratings Health: 2

> Flammability: 2 Instability: 0

References **ACGIH**

EPA: AQUIRE database

NLM: Hazardous Substances Data Base

US. IARC Monographs on Occupational Exposures to Chemical Agents

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

ACGIH Documentation of the Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices

Disclaimer The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge,

> information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a quidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other

materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

Revision information Product and Company Identification: Product and Company Identification

> Hazard(s) identification: Response Hazard(s) identification: Prevention Toxicological information: Aspiration hazard HazReg Data: International Inventories

GHS: Classification

^{*}A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).