

**1. Identification**

**Product identifier** CRS-2P (Columbia)  
**Other means of identification** None.  
**Recommended use** Not available.  
**Recommended restrictions** None known.  
**Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information**  
**Manufacturer:** Ergon Asphalt & Emulsions, Inc.  
**Address:** 2829 Lakeland Drive  
 Jackson, MS 39232  
**Website:** www.ergonasphalt.com  
**Telephone:** 1-800-222-7122 (Customer Service)  
**E-mail:** sds@ergon.com  
**24 hour Emergency (CHEMTREC):** North America 1-800-424-9300; International 1-703-527-3887

**2. Hazard(s) identification**

**Physical hazards** Not classified.  
**Health hazards** Carcinogenicity Category 1B  
 Reproductive toxicity Category 2  
 Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure Category 1  
**Environmental hazards** Not classified.  
**OSHA defined hazards** Not classified.

**Label elements**



**Signal word** Danger  
**Hazard statement** May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  
**Precautionary statement**  
**Prevention** Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use personal protective equipment as required.  
**Response** IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor.  
**Storage** Store locked up.  
**Disposal** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.  
**Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)** None known.  
**Supplemental information** Not applicable.

**3. Composition/information on ingredients**

**Mixtures**

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
ASPHALT		8052-42-4	50 - 65
WATER		7732-18-5	30 - 50

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
EXTRACTS (PETROLEUM), HEAVY PARAFFINIC DISTILLATE SOLVENT		64742-04-7	< 10
HYDROCHLORIC ACID		7647-01-0	< 1

#### 4. First-aid measures

<b>Inhalation</b>	If breathing is difficult, remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.
<b>Skin contact</b>	If clothing sticks to the skin, do not remove. Lotion or hand cream may aid in the removal of asphalt. Wash contact areas with soap and water. If needed, seek medical attention.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Rinse mouth. DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately. If ingestion of a large amount does occur, call a poison control center immediately.
<b>Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed</b>	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.
<b>Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed</b>	Treat symptomatically.
<b>General information</b>	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

#### 5. Fire-fighting measures

<b>Suitable extinguishing media</b>	Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> ).
<b>Unsuitable extinguishing media</b>	Water. Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
<b>Specific hazards arising from the chemical</b>	During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
<b>Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters</b>	Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA. Structural firefighters protective clothing will only provide limited protection.
<b>Fire fighting equipment/instructions</b>	ALWAYS stay away from tanks engulfed in flame. Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.
<b>Specific methods</b>	In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.
<b>General fire hazards</b>	No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

#### 6. Accidental release measures

<b>Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures</b>	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
<b>Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up</b>	This product is miscible in water.  Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas.  Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.  Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers. Ventilate area and avoid breathing vapors or mist. For large spills, dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal. Do not release into sewers or waterways.
<b>Environmental precautions</b>	Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

## 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Avoid prolonged exposure. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Hydrogen sulfide, a very highly toxic gas, may be present with this material. Keep face clear of tank and/or tank car openings. Good personal hygiene is necessary. Wash hands and contaminated areas with water and soap before leaving the work site.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Do not allow material to freeze.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Occupational exposure limits

#### US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
EXTRACTS (PETROLEUM), HEAVY PARAFFINIC DISTILLATE SOLVENT (CAS 64742-04-7)	PEL	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Mist.
HYDROCHLORIC ACID (CAS 7647-01-0)	Ceiling	7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 5 ppm	

#### US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
ASPHALT (CAS 8052-42-4)	TWA	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inhalable fraction.
HYDROCHLORIC ACID (CAS 7647-01-0)	Ceiling	2 ppm	

#### US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value	Form
ASPHALT (CAS 8052-42-4)	Ceiling	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Fume.
EXTRACTS (PETROLEUM), HEAVY PARAFFINIC DISTILLATE SOLVENT (CAS 64742-04-7)	STEL	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Mist.
HYDROCHLORIC ACID (CAS 7647-01-0)	TWA Ceiling	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 7 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 5 ppm	Mist.

### Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

### Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation, including appropriate local extraction, to ensure that the defined occupational exposure limit is not exceeded.

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

#### Eye/face protection

Wear safety glasses; chemical goggles (if splashing is possible).

#### Skin protection

##### Hand protection

Chemical resistant gloves are recommended. If contact with forearms is likely wear gauntlet style gloves.

##### Other

Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of liquid contact and repeated or prolonged vapor contact. Plastic or rubber gloves, apron and boots.

#### Respiratory protection

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

#### Thermal hazards

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

### General hygiene considerations

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

Brown to black in color.

#### Physical state

Liquid.

#### Form

Liquid.

<b>Color</b>	Black
<b>Odor</b>	Tar-like
<b>Odor threshold</b>	Not available.
<b>pH</b>	2.1 - 4
<b>Melting point/freezing point</b>	150 - 180 °F (65.56 - 82.22 °C)
<b>Initial boiling point and boiling range</b>	212 °F (100 °C)
<b>Flash point</b>	400.0 °F (204.4 °C) Cleveland Open Cup
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	< 1
<b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>	Not available.
<b>Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits</b>	
<b>Flammability limit - lower (%)</b>	Not available.
<b>Flammability limit - upper (%)</b>	Not available.
<b>Explosive limit - lower (%)</b>	Not available.
<b>Explosive limit - upper (%)</b>	Not available.
<b>Vapor pressure</b>	< 1 mm Hg @ 70C
<b>Vapor density</b>	> 1
<b>Relative density</b>	Not available.
<b>Solubility(ies)</b>	
<b>Solubility (water)</b>	Not available.
<b>Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)</b>	Not available.
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	> 700 °F (> 371.11 °C)
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	Not available.
<b>Viscosity</b>	Not available.
<b>Other information</b>	
<b>Flammability class</b>	Flammable IIIB
<b>Percent volatile</b>	< 2 %
<b>Specific gravity</b>	1.03

## 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
<b>Chemical stability</b>	Stable under normal temperature conditions.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials. Do not overheat product.
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	Strong oxidizing agents.
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	Upon decomposition, this product may yield sulfur dioxide, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and/or low molecular weight hydrocarbons. Hydrogen sulfide.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

<b>Inhalation</b>	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
<b>Skin contact</b>	No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected.
<b>Eye contact</b>	May be irritating to eyes.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Expected to be a low ingestion hazard. Causes damage to organs by ingestion.
<b>Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics</b>	Not available.

## Information on toxicological effects

### Acute toxicity

Components	Species	Test Results
HYDROCHLORIC ACID (CAS 7647-01-0)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Inhalation</b>		
LC50	Rat	3124 ppm, 1 Hours

\* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

**Skin corrosion/irritation** Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.

**Serious eye damage/eye irritation** Harmful in contact with eyes. None known.

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

**Respiratory sensitization** Not available.

**Skin sensitization** May cause skin disorders if contact is repeated or prolonged.

**Germ cell mutagenicity** No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

**Carcinogenicity** May cause cancer.

### IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

ASPHALT (CAS 8052-42-4) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

HYDROCHLORIC ACID (CAS 7647-01-0) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

### US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Not listed.

### US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

**Reproductive toxicity** Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

**Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure** Not classified.

**Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure** Not classified.

**Aspiration hazard** Not available.

**Chronic effects** Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

**Further information** May cause damage to the liver and kidneys.

## 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.

Components	Species	Test Results
HYDROCHLORIC ACID (CAS 7647-01-0)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Fish	LC50	Western mosquitofish ( <i>Gambusia affinis</i> ) 282 mg/l, 96 hours

\* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

**Persistence and degradability** No data is available on the degradability of this product.

**Bioaccumulative potential** No data available.

**Mobility in soil** No data available.

**Other adverse effects** No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

## 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal instructions** Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. No components are identified as hazardous wastes. Disposal recommendations are based on uncontaminated material.

**Local disposal regulations** Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

<b>Hazardous waste code</b>	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company. Not applicable.
<b>Waste from residues / unused products</b>	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions). Avoid discharge into water courses or onto the ground.
<b>Contaminated packaging</b>	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

## 14. Transport information

### DOT

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

### IATA

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

### IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code** Not available.

## 15. Regulatory information

**US federal regulations** All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List.

### TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

### CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

ASPHALT (CAS 8052-42-4) Listed.  
HYDROCHLORIC ACID (CAS 7647-01-0) Listed.

### US EPCRA Section 304 Extremely Haz. Subs. & CERCLA Haz. Subs.: Section 304 EHS reportable quantity

HYDROCHLORIC ACID (CAS 7647-01-0) 5000 LBS

### US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

**Hazard categories** Immediate Hazard - No  
Delayed Hazard - Yes  
Fire Hazard - No  
Pressure Hazard - No  
Reactivity Hazard - No

### SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Chemical name	CAS number	Reportable quantity (pounds)	Threshold planning quantity (pounds)	Threshold planning quantity, lower value (pounds)	Threshold planning quantity, upper value (pounds)
HYDROCHLORIC ACID	7647-01-0	5000	500		

**SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical** No

### SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

### Other federal regulations

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

HYDROCHLORIC ACID (CAS 7647-01-0)

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

HYDROCHLORIC ACID (CAS 7647-01-0)

**Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)** Not regulated.

**US state regulations** WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

### US - California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

ASPHALT (CAS 8052-42-4) Listed: January 1, 1990

**US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))**

ASPHALT (CAS 8052-42-4)

EXTRACTS (PETROLEUM), HEAVY PARAFFINIC DISTILLATE SOLVENT (CAS 64742-04-7)

HYDROCHLORIC ACID (CAS 7647-01-0)

**International Inventories**

<b>Country(s) or region</b>	<b>Inventory name</b>	<b>On inventory (yes/no)*</b>
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

**16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision**

**Issue date** 09-22-2016

**Version #** 01

**Further information** HMIS® is a registered trade and service mark of the NPCA.

**NFPA ratings**  
Health: 2  
Flammability: 1  
Instability: 0

**References**  
ACGIH  
EPA: AQUIRE database  
NLM: Hazardous Substances Data Base  
US. IARC Monographs on Occupational Exposures to Chemical Agents  
IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity  
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens  
ACGIH Documentation of the Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices

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The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.