

1. Identification

Product identifier QSE
Other means of identification None.
Recommended use Not available.
Recommended restrictions None known.
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information
Manufacturer: Ergon Asphalt & Emulsions, Inc.
Address: 2829 Lakeland Drive
 Jackson, MS 39232
Website: www.ergonasphalt.com
Telephone: 1-800-222-7122 (Customer Service)
E-mail: sds@ergon.com
24 hour Emergency (CHEMTREC): North America 1-800-424-9300; International 1-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Not classified.
Health hazards Not classified.
Environmental hazards Not classified.
OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements

Hazard symbol None.
Signal word None.
Hazard statement The mixture does not meet the criteria for classification.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
Response Wash hands after handling.
Storage Store away from incompatible materials.
Disposal Dispose of waste and residues in accordance with local authority requirements.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC) Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion. Molten asphalt presents a thermal hazard.

Supplemental information Vapors containing hydrogen sulfide may accumulate during storage or transport. HYDROGEN SULFIDE (H₂S) can be harmful if inhaled.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
ASPHALT		8052-42-4	50 - 70
WATER		7732-18-5	20 - 40
HYDROCHLORIC ACID		7647-01-0	< 2
Other components below reportable levels			2

*Designates that a specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation If breathing is difficult, remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

Skin contact	If clothing sticks to the skin, do not remove. Lotion or hand cream may aid in the removal of asphalt. Wash contact areas with soap and water. If needed, seek medical attention.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. If ingestion of a large amount does occur, call a poison control center immediately. DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Treat symptomatically.
General information	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Water. Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA. Structural firefighters protective clothing will only provide limited protection.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. ALWAYS stay away from tanks engulfed in flame. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray.
Specific methods	In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.
General fire hazards	No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Keep out of low areas. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	This product is miscible in water. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers. Ventilate area and avoid breathing vapors or mist. For large spills, dike far ahead of liquid spill for later disposal. Do not release into sewers or waterways.
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Avoid prolonged exposure. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

Hydrogen sulfide, a very highly toxic gas, may be present with this material. Keep face clear of tank and/or tank car openings. Good personal hygiene is necessary. Wash hands and contaminated areas with water and soap before leaving the work site.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Do not allow material to freeze. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
HYDROCHLORIC ACID (CAS 7647-01-0)	Ceiling	7 mg/m ³
		5 ppm

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
ASPHALT (CAS 8052-42-4)	TWA	0.5 mg/m ³	Inhalable fume.
HYDROCHLORIC ACID (CAS 7647-01-0)	Ceiling	2 ppm	

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value	Form
ASPHALT (CAS 8052-42-4)	Ceiling	5 mg/m ³	Fume.
HYDROCHLORIC ACID (CAS 7647-01-0)	Ceiling	7 mg/m ³	
		5 ppm	

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Appropriate engineering controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide adequate ventilation, including appropriate local extraction, to ensure that the defined occupational exposure limit is not exceeded.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). Wear safety glasses; chemical goggles (if splashing is possible).

Skin protection

Hand protection

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Chemical resistant gloves are recommended. If contact with forearms is likely wear gauntlet style gloves.

Other	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of liquid contact and repeated or prolonged vapor contact. Plastic or rubber gloves, apron and boots.
Respiratory protection	In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
General hygiene considerations	Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Brown to black in color.
Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Liquid.
Color	Black
Odor	Tar-like
Odor threshold	Not available.
pH	2.1 - 4
Melting point/freezing point	150 - 180 °F (65.56 - 82.22 °C)
Initial boiling point and boiling range	>= 212 °F (>= 100 °C)
Flash point	> 212.0 °F (> 100.0 °C) Cleveland Open Cup
Evaporation rate	< 1
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	< 1 mm Hg @ 70C
Vapor density	> 1
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	> 700 °F (> 371.11 °C)
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Specific gravity	1.03

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport
Chemical stability	Stable under normal temperature conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials. Do not overheat product.

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products Upon decomposition, this product may yield sulfur dioxide, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and/or low molecular weight hydrocarbons. Hydrogen sulfide.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected.
Eye contact May be irritating to eyes.
Ingestion Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Components	Species	Test Results
HYDROCHLORIC ACID (CAS 7647-01-0)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Mouse	1449 mg/kg

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation May be irritating to eyes.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization May cause skin disorders if contact is repeated or prolonged.

Germ cell mutagenicity No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity Risk of cancer cannot be excluded with prolonged exposure. IARC: occupational exposures to straight-run bitumens and their emissions during road paving are "possibly carcinogenic to humans" (Group 2B).

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

ASPHALT (CAS 8052-42-4)

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

HYDROCHLORIC ACID (CAS 7647-01-0)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

Not regulated.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Not classified.

Aspiration hazard Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects

Further information This product has no known adverse effect on human health.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Not expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms.

Product	Species		Test Results
QSE			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fish	15664.835 mg/l, 96 hours estimated
Components	Species		Test Results
HYDROCHLORIC ACID (CAS 7647-01-0)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Western mosquitofish (<i>Gambusia affinis</i>)	282 mg/l, 96 hours

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of this product.
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Other adverse effects	No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Incinerate the material under controlled conditions in an approved incinerator. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. No components are identified as hazardous wastes. Disposal recommendations are based on uncontaminated material.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	D002: Waste Corrosive material [pH <=2 or =>12.5, or corrosive to steel] The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company. Not applicable.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions). Avoid discharge into water courses or onto the ground.
Contaminated packaging	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT	Not regulated as dangerous goods.
IATA	Not regulated as dangerous goods.
IMDG	Not regulated as dangerous goods.
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Not established.
Further information	If shipped above 212 deg F: "UN3257, Elevated Temperature Liquid, n.o.s. (Asphalt mixture), 9, PG III"

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations	All components are on the U.S. EPA TSCA Inventory List. This product is not known to be a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.
TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)	Not regulated.
CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)	
HYDROCHLORIC ACID (CAS 7647-01-0)	Listed.
SARA 304 Emergency release notification	
HYDROCHLORIC ACID (CAS 7647-01-0)	5000 LBS
OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)	
	Not regulated.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Chemical name	CAS number	Reportable quantity (pounds)	Threshold planning quantity (pounds)	Threshold planning quantity, lower value (pounds)	Threshold planning quantity, upper value (pounds)
HYDROCHLORIC ACID	7647-01-0	5000	500		

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
HYDROCHLORIC ACID	7647-01-0	< 2

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

HYDROCHLORIC ACID (CAS 7647-01-0)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

HYDROCHLORIC ACID (CAS 7647-01-0)

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

HYDROCHLORIC ACID (CAS 7647-01-0) 6545

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

HYDROCHLORIC ACID (CAS 7647-01-0) 20 %WV

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

HYDROCHLORIC ACID (CAS 7647-01-0) 6545

US state regulations

California Proposition 65



WARNING: WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer. This product can expose you to ASPHALT, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

HYDROCHLORIC ACID (CAS 7647-01-0)

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 06-02-2020

Version # 01

Further information

HMIS® is a registered trade and service mark of the NPCA.

NFPA ratings

Health: 2

Flammability: 1

Instability: 0

References

ACGIH

ACGIH Documentation of the Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices

EPA: AQUIRE database

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

NLM: Hazardous Substances Data Base

US. IARC Monographs on Occupational Exposures to Chemical Agents

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available. Ergon Asphalt & Emulsions, Inc. cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use.