

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

**Trade name or designation of the mixture** HyVolt I

**Registration number** -

**UFI:** EU: K200-U0CW-500N-QY3X

**Synonyms** None.

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** Transformer Oil

**Uses advised against** None known.

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**MANUFACTURER:** Ergon, Inc.  
P.O. Box 1639  
Jackson, MS 39181 USA

**EU Contact:** Ergon International, Inc.  
Drève Richelle 161 Building C  
B-1410 Waterloo, Belgium

### Emergency Phone Numbers:

**US Customer Service:**

+ 1-800-222-7122

**CHEMTREC:**

+ 1-800-424-9300 After Business Hours (North America)

+ 1-703-527-3887 (International),

+32-28083237 (Belgium)

+33-975181407 (France)

+49-69643508409 (Germany)

+39-0245557031 (Italy)

+34-931768545 (Spain)

**E-mail:** sds@ergon.com

**Poison Centre (Centre Antipoisons - Belgium):** +32022649636

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The mixture has been assessed and/or tested for its physical, health and environmental hazards and the following classification applies.

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended

#### Health hazards

Aspiration hazard

Category 1

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

### 2.2. Label elements

#### Label according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 as amended

**UFI:**

EU: K200-U0CW-500N-QY3X

**Contains:**

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic, Naphtha; Low boiling point naphtha [Refined, partly refined, or unrefined petroleum products produced by the distillation of natural gas. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C5 through C6 and boiling in the rang

**Hazard pictograms**



**Signal word**

Danger

**Hazard statements**

H304

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

**Precautionary statements****Prevention**

P260 Do not breathe gas/mist/vapours/spray.

**Response**P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTRE/doctor/.  
P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.**Storage**

P405 Store locked up.

**Disposal**

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

**Supplemental label information**

None.

**2.3. Other hazards**

This mixture does not contain substances assessed to be vPvB / PBT according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XIII. The mixture does not contain any substances included in the list established in accordance with REACH Article 59(1) for having endocrine disrupting properties at a concentration equal to or greater than 0.1% by weight.

**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients****3.2. Mixtures****General information**

Chemical name	%	CAS-No. / EC No.	REACH Registration No.	Index No.	Notes
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	20 - 100	64742-53-6 265-156-6	01-2119480375-34	649-466-00-2	
<b>Classification:</b> Asp. Tox. 1;H304					
Naphtha; Low boiling point naphtha [Refined, partly refined, or unrefined petroleum products produced by the distillation of natural gas. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C5 through C6 and boiling in the rang	0 - 50	848301-69-9 232-443-2	-	649-262-00-3	
<b>Classification:</b> Flam. Liq. 1;H224, Muta. 1B;H340, Carc. 1B;H350, Asp. Tox. 1;H304, Aquatic Chronic 2;H411					
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic	0 - 40	64742-55-8 265-158-7	-	649-468-00-3	
<b>Classification:</b> -					
Lubricating Oils (petroleum), C15-30, Hydrotreated Neutral Oil-based	0 - 40	72623-86-0 276-737-9	-	649-482-00-X	
<b>Classification:</b> -					
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C20-50, hydrotreated neutral oil-based	0 - 20	72623-87-1 276-738-4	-	649-483-00-5	
<b>Classification:</b> -					
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy naphthenic	0 - 10	64741-96-4 265-097-6	-	649-457-00-3	
<b>Classification:</b> -					
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic	0 - 10	64741-89-5 265-091-3	-	649-455-00-2	
<b>Classification:</b> -					

**List of abbreviations and symbols that may be used above**

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

**Composition comments**

Note L - Not classified as a carcinogen. Meets EU requirement of less than 3% (w/w) DMSO extract for total polycyclic aromatic compound (PAC) using IP 346. Note P - The harmonized classification as a carcinogen or mutagen does not apply because the substance contains less than 0.1 % w/w of benzene (EINECS No 200-753-7).

**SECTION 4: First aid measures****General information**

Contact physician if discomfort continues. Keep victim under observation.

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

<b>Inhalation</b>	Move to fresh air. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Wash contact areas with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or an allergic skin reaction develops, get medical attention.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Flush thoroughly with water. If irritation occurs, get medical assistance.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward to reduce risk of aspiration. Call a poison control centre immediately.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Defatting of the skin. Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

**General fire hazards** No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media** Halon. Dry chemicals. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Water spray or fog. Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

**5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture** No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

**Special protective equipment for firefighters** Wear full protective clothing, including helmet, self-contained positive pressure or pressure demand breathing apparatus, protective clothing and face mask.

**Special fire fighting procedures** Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA. Use pressurised air mask if product is involved in a fire.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**For non-emergency personnel** Keep unnecessary personnel away. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Do not touch or walk through spilled material.

**For emergency responders** Keep unnecessary personnel away. Use personal protection recommended in Section 8 of the SDS. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Ensure adequate ventilation.

**6.2. Environmental precautions** Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Contact local authorities in case of spillage to drain/aquatic environment.

**6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up** Large Spills: ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Cover with plastic sheet to prevent spreading. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills in original containers for re-use.

**6.4. Reference to other sections** For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. For waste disposal, see section 13.

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

**7.1. Precautions for safe handling** Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Wash hands after handling and before eating. Avoid prolonged exposure. All handling to take place in well-ventilated area. Shower after work. Remove and wash contaminated clothing promptly.

**7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Store in a well-ventilated place. Use care in handling/storage.

**7.3. Specific end use(s)**

Observe industrial sector guidance on best practices.

**SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection****8.1. Control parameters****Occupational exposure limits****Belgium. Exposure Limit Values**

<b>Material</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
HyVolt I	STEL	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Mist.
	TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Mist.
<b>Components</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (CAS 64742-53-6)	STEL	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Mist.
	TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Mist.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic (CAS 64742-55-8)	STEL	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Mist.
	TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Mist.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy naphthenic (CAS 64741-96-4)	STEL	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Mist.
	TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Mist.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (CAS 64741-89-5)	STEL	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Mist.
	TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Mist.

**Bulgaria. OELs. Regulation No 13 on protection of workers against risks of exposure to chemical agents at work**

<b>Material</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>
HyVolt I	TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>Components</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (CAS 64742-53-6)	TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy naphthenic (CAS 64741-96-4)	TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (CAS 64741-89-5)	TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

**Czech Republic. OELs. Government Decree 361**

<b>Material</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
HyVolt I	Ceiling	1000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	TWA	200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
<b>Components</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic (CAS 64742-55-8)	Ceiling	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Aerosol
	TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Aerosol

**Czech Republic. OELs. Government Decree 361**

<b>Components</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy naphthenic (CAS 64741-96-4)	Ceiling	1000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	TWA	200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (CAS 64741-89-5)	Ceiling	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Aerosol
	TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Aerosol
Naphtha; Low boiling point naphtha [Refined, partly refined, or unrefined petroleum products produced by the distillation of natural gas. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C5 through C6 and boiling in the rang (CAS 848301-69-9)	Ceiling	1000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
	TWA	200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

**Denmark. Exposure Limit Values**

<b>Material</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
HyVolt I	TLV	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Mist.
<b>Components</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (CAS 64742-53-6)	TLV	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Mist.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic (CAS 64742-55-8)	TLV	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Mist.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy naphthenic (CAS 64741-96-4)	TLV	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Mist.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (CAS 64741-89-5)	TLV	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Mist.
Naphtha; Low boiling point naphtha [Refined, partly refined, or unrefined petroleum products produced by the distillation of natural gas. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C5 through C6 and boiling in the rang (CAS 848301-69-9)	TLV	25 ppm	

**Estonia. OELs. Occupational Exposure Limits of Hazardous Substances (Regulation No. 105/2001, Annex), as amended**

Components	Type	Value
Naphtha; Low boiling point naphtha [Refined, partly refined, or unrefined petroleum products produced by the distillation of natural gas. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C5 through C6 and boiling in the rang (CAS 848301-69-9)	STEL	300 mg/m3
		50 ppm

**Finland. Workplace Exposure Limits**

Material	Type	Value	Form
HyVolt I	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.
Components	Type	Value	Form
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (CAS 64742-53-6)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic (CAS 64742-55-8)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy naphthenic (CAS 64741-96-4)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (CAS 64741-89-5)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.

**Germany. DFG MAK List (advisory OELs). Commission for the Investigation of Health Hazards of Chemical Compounds in the Work Area (DFG)**

Components	Type	Value	Form
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (CAS 64742-53-6)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic (CAS 64742-55-8)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy naphthenic (CAS 64741-96-4)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (CAS 64741-89-5)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Lubricating Oils (petroleum), C15-30, Hydrotreated Neutral Oil-based (CAS 72623-86-0)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.

**Greece. OELs (Decree No. 90/1999, as amended)**

Material	Type	Value	Form
HyVolt I	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.
Components	Type	Value	Form
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (CAS 64742-53-6)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.

**Greece. OELs (Decree No. 90/1999, as amended)**

<b>Components</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic (CAS 64742-55-8)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy naphthenic (CAS 64741-96-4)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (CAS 64741-89-5)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.

**Hungary. OELs. Joint Decree on Chemical Safety of Workplaces**

<b>Material</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
HyVolt I	Ceiling	5 mg/m3	Mist.
<b>Components</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (CAS 64742-53-6)	TWA	5 mg/m3	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic (CAS 64742-55-8)	TWA	5 mg/m3	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy naphthenic (CAS 64741-96-4)	TWA	5 mg/m3	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (CAS 64741-89-5)	TWA	5 mg/m3	

**Iceland. OELs. Regulation 154/1999 on occupational exposure limits**

<b>Material</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
HyVolt I	TWA	1 mg/m3	Mist.
<b>Components</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (CAS 64742-53-6)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Mist.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic (CAS 64742-55-8)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Mist.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy naphthenic (CAS 64741-96-4)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Mist.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (CAS 64741-89-5)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Mist.

**Ireland. Occupational Exposure Limits**

<b>Material</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
HyVolt I	TWA	0,2 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
<b>Components</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (CAS 64742-53-6)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic (CAS 64742-55-8)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.

**Ireland. Occupational Exposure Limits**

<b>Components</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy naphthenic (CAS 64741-96-4)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Lubricating Oils (petroleum), C15-30, Hydrotreated Neutral Oil-based (CAS 72623-86-0)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.

**Italy. Occupational Exposure Limits**

<b>Material</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
HyVolt I	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
<b>Components</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (CAS 64742-53-6)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic (CAS 64742-55-8)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy naphthenic (CAS 64741-96-4)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (CAS 64741-89-5)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Lubricating Oils (petroleum), C15-30, Hydrotreated Neutral Oil-based (CAS 72623-86-0)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.

**Latvia. OELs. Occupational exposure limit values of chemical substances in work environment**

<b>Components</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (CAS 64742-53-6)	TWA	5 mg/m3
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic (CAS 64742-55-8)	TWA	5 mg/m3
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy naphthenic (CAS 64741-96-4)	TWA	5 mg/m3
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (CAS 64741-89-5)	TWA	5 mg/m3
Naphtha; Low boiling point naphtha [Refined, partly refined, or unrefined petroleum products produced by the distillation of natural gas. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C5 through C6 and boiling in the rang (CAS 848301-69-9)	TWA	10 mg/m3

**Lithuania. OELs. Limit Values for Chemical Substances, General Requirements**

<b>Material</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
HyVolt I	STEL	3 mg/m3	Fume and mist.
	TWA	1 mg/m3	Fume and mist.



**Lithuania. OELs. Limit Values for Chemical Substances, General Requirements**

<b>Components</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (CAS 64742-53-6)	STEL	3 mg/m3	Fume and mist.
	TWA	1 mg/m3	Fume and mist.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic (CAS 64742-55-8)	STEL	3 mg/m3	Fume and mist.
	TWA	1 mg/m3	Fume and mist.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy naphthenic (CAS 64741-96-4)	STEL	3 mg/m3	Fume and mist.
	TWA	1 mg/m3	Fume and mist.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (CAS 64741-89-5)	STEL	3 mg/m3	Fume and mist.
	TWA	1 mg/m3	Fume and mist.

**Netherlands. OELs (binding)**

<b>Material</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
HyVolt I	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.
<b>Components</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (CAS 64742-53-6)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic (CAS 64742-55-8)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy naphthenic (CAS 64741-96-4)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (CAS 64741-89-5)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.

**Norway. Administrative Norms for Contaminants in the Workplace**

<b>Material</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
HyVolt I	TLV	1 mg/m3	Mist.
<b>Components</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (CAS 64742-53-6)	TLV	1 mg/m3	Mist.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic (CAS 64742-55-8)	TLV	1 mg/m3	Mist.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy naphthenic (CAS 64741-96-4)	TLV	1 mg/m3	Mist.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (CAS 64741-89-5)	TLV	1 mg/m3	Mist.

**Poland. Ordinance of the Minister of Labour and Social Policy on 6 June 2014 on the maximum permissible concentrations and intensities of harmful health factors in the work environment, Journal of Laws 2014, item 817**

<b>Material</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
HyVolt I	STEL	10 mg/m3	Aerosol
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Aerosol

**Poland. Ordinance of the Minister of Labour and Social Policy on 6 June 2014 on the maximum permissible concentrations and intensities of harmful health factors in the work environment, Journal of Laws 2014, item 817**

<b>Components</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (CAS 64742-53-6)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
		0 ppm	Inhalable fraction.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic (CAS 64742-55-8)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
		0 ppm	Inhalable fraction.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy naphthenic (CAS 64741-96-4)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
		0 ppm	Inhalable fraction.
Lubricating Oils (petroleum), C15-30, Hydrotreated Neutral Oil-based (CAS 72623-86-0)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
		0 ppm	Inhalable fraction.

**Portugal. VLEs. Norm on occupational exposure to chemical agents (NP 1796)**

<b>Material</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
HyVolt I	STEL	10 mg/m3	Aerosol
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Aerosol
<b>Components</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (CAS 64742-53-6)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic (CAS 64742-55-8)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy naphthenic (CAS 64741-96-4)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (CAS 64741-89-5)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.

**Romania. OELs. Protection of workers from exposure to chemical agents at the workplace**

<b>Material</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>
HyVolt I	STEL	10 mg/m3
	TWA	5 mg/m3
<b>Components</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (CAS 64742-53-6)	STEL	10 mg/m3
	TWA	5 mg/m3
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic (CAS 64742-55-8)	STEL	10 mg/m3
	TWA	5 mg/m3
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy naphthenic (CAS 64741-96-4)	STEL	10 mg/m3
	TWA	5 mg/m3

**Romania. OELs. Protection of workers from exposure to chemical agents at the workplace**

<b>Components</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (CAS 64741-89-5)	STEL	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Naphtha; Low boiling point naphtha [Refined, partly refined, or unrefined petroleum products produced by the distillation of natural gas. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C5 through C6 and boiling in the rang (CAS 848301-69-9)	STEL	200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA	100 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

**Slovakia. OELs. Regulation No. 300/2007 concerning protection of health in work with chemical agents**

<b>Components</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (CAS 64742-53-6)	STEL	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Fume and mist.
	TWA	15 ppm	Fume and mist.
		1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Fume and mist.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic (CAS 64742-55-8)	STEL	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Fume and mist.
	TWA	5 ppm	Fume and mist.
		1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Fume and mist.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy naphthenic (CAS 64741-96-4)	STEL	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Fume and mist.
	TWA	15 ppm	Fume and mist.
		1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Fume and mist.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (CAS 64741-89-5)	STEL	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Fume and mist.
	TWA	5 ppm	Fume and mist.
		1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Fume and mist.
Lubricating Oils (petroleum), C15-30, Hydrotreated Neutral Oil-based (CAS 72623-86-0)	STEL	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Fume and mist.
	TWA	15 ppm	Fume and mist.
		1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Fume and mist.
		5 ppm	Fume and mist.

**Spain. Occupational Exposure Limits**

<b>Material</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
HyVolt I	STEL	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Mist.
	TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Mist.

**Spain. Occupational Exposure Limits**

<b>Components</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (CAS 64742-53-6)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Mist.
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic (CAS 64742-55-8)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Mist.
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy naphthenic (CAS 64741-96-4)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Mist.
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (CAS 64741-89-5)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Mist.
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.

**Sweden. OELs. Work Environment Authority (AV), Occupational Exposure Limit Values (AFS 2015:7)**

<b>Material</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
HyVolt I	STEL	3 mg/m3	Mist.
	TWA	1 mg/m3	Mist.
<b>Components</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Form</b>
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (CAS 64742-53-6)	STEL	3 mg/m3	Mist.
	TWA	1 mg/m3	Mist.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic (CAS 64742-55-8)	STEL	3 mg/m3	Mist.
	TWA	1 mg/m3	Mist.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy naphthenic (CAS 64741-96-4)	STEL	3 mg/m3	Mist.
	TWA	1 mg/m3	Mist.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (CAS 64741-89-5)	STEL	3 mg/m3	Mist.
	TWA	1 mg/m3	Mist.
Naphtha; Low boiling point naphtha [Refined, partly refined, or unrefined petroleum products produced by the distillation of natural gas. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C5 through C6 and boiling in the rang (CAS 848301-69-9)	STEL	300 mg/m3	
	TWA	50 ppm 150 mg/m3 25 ppm	

**Switzerland. SUVA Grenzwerte am Arbeitsplatz**

Components	Type	Value	Form
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (CAS 64742-53-6)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic (CAS 64742-55-8)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy naphthenic (CAS 64741-96-4)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (CAS 64741-89-5)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Lubricating Oils (petroleum), C15-30, Hydrotreated Neutral Oil-based (CAS 72623-86-0)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Naphtha; Low boiling point naphtha [Refined, partly refined, or unrefined petroleum products produced by the distillation of natural gas. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C5 through C6 and boiling in the rang (CAS 848301-69-9)	TWA	1100 mg/m3	
		300 ppm	

**Biological limit values** No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

**Recommended monitoring procedures** Follow standard monitoring procedures.

**Derived no effect levels (DNELs)**

**General Population**

Components	Value	Assessment factor	Notes
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (CAS 64742-53-6)			
Long-term, Local, Inhalation	1,19 mg/m3	75	Repeated dose toxicity
Long-term, Systemic, Oral	0,74 mg/kg	120	Repeated dose toxicity

**Workers**

Components	Value	Assessment factor	Notes
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (CAS 64742-53-6)			
Long-term, Local, Inhalation	5,58 mg/m3	45	Repeated dose toxicity
Long-term, Systemic, Dermal	0,97 mg/kg	72	Repeated dose toxicity
Long-term, Systemic, Inhalation	2,73 mg/m3	45	Repeated dose toxicity

**Predicted no effect concentrations (PNECs)**

Components	Value	Assessment factor	Notes
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (CAS 64742-53-6)			
Secondary poisoning	9,33 mg/kg		Oral

**Exposure guidelines**

**Austria MAK: Skin designation**

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (CAS 64742-53-6) Can be absorbed through the skin.

**Belgium OELs: Skin designation**

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (CAS 64742-53-6) Can be absorbed through the skin.

**Croatia ELVs: Skin designation**

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (CAS 64742-53-6) Can be absorbed through the skin.

**Czech Republic PELs: Skin designation**

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (CAS 64742-53-6)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
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**Estonia OELs: Skin designation**

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (CAS 64742-53-6)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
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**EU. OELs from Annex III, Part A to Directive 2004/37/EC: Skin designation**

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (CAS 64742-53-6)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
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**Iceland OELs: Skin designation**

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (CAS 64742-53-6)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
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**Ireland Exposure Limit Values: Skin designation**

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (CAS 64742-53-6)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
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**Lithuania OELs: Skin designation**

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (CAS 64742-53-6)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
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**Netherlands OELs (binding): Skin designation**

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (CAS 64742-53-6)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
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**Romania OELs: Skin designation**

Naphtha; Low boiling point naphtha [Refined, partly refined, or unrefined petroleum products produced by the distillation of natural gas. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C5 through C6 and boiling in the rang (CAS 848301-69-9)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
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**Slovakia OELs for Carcinogens and Mutagens: Skin designation**

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (CAS 64742-53-6)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
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**Slovenia. CMR. Protection of workers from exposure to carcinogen and mutagen agents (ULRS 101/2005, as amended)**

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (CAS 64742-53-6)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
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**Sweden Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation**

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (CAS 64742-53-6)	Can be absorbed through the skin.
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**8.2. Exposure controls****Appropriate engineering controls**

Provide adequate ventilation, including appropriate local extraction, to ensure that the defined occupational exposure limit is not exceeded.

**Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment****General information**

Wear suitable protective equipment. Personal protection equipment should be chosen according to the CEN standards and in discussion with the supplier of the personal protective equipment.

**Eye/face protection**

Goggles/face shield are recommended. Eye protection should meet standard EN 166.

**Skin protection****- Hand protection**

Chemical resistant gloves are recommended. If contact with forearms is likely wear gauntlet style gloves. Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. When prolonged or frequent repeated contact occurs, Nitrile gloves may be suitable. (Breakthrough time of > 240 minutes.) For incidental contact/splash protection Neoprene, PVC gloves may be suitable.

**- Other**

Chemical/oil resistant clothing is recommended. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse.

**Respiratory protection**

Not available.

**Thermal hazards**

Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

**Hygiene measures**

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated footwear that cannot be cleaned.

**Environmental exposure controls**

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. Fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment may be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

**SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties****9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties****Physical state**

Liquid.

**Form**

Liquid.

<b>Colour</b>	Water White to Pale
<b>Odour</b>	Mild Petroleum Odor
<b>Odour threshold</b>	Not determined.
<b>Melting point/freezing point</b>	-61 °C (-77,8 °F) ASTM D5950/ISO 3016
<b>Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range</b>	296 °C (564,8 °F) ISO 3924/ ASTM D2887
<b>Flammability</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Flash point</b>	>= 135,0 °C (>= 275,0 °F) Pensky-Martens Closed Cup ASTM D93
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	> 315 °C (> 599 °F) ASTM E659
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	Not determined.
<b>pH</b>	Not determined.
<b>Kinematic viscosity</b>	9,6 mm <sup>2</sup> /s ISO 3140 (40 °C (104 °F))

#### Solubility

<b>Solubility (water)</b>	Insoluble
<b>Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) (log value)</b>	Not established.
<b>Vapour pressure</b>	Not determined.

#### Density and/or relative density

<b>Relative density</b>	0,88 (20 °C (68 °F) ISO 12185/ ASTM D4052)
<b>Vapour density</b>	Not determined.
<b>Particle characteristics</b>	Not available.

#### 9.2. Other information

**9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes** No relevant additional information available.

#### 9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

<b>Evaporation rate</b>	Not determined.
<b>Viscosity</b>	Not determined.

### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

<b>10.1. Reactivity</b>	Strong oxidising agents.
<b>10.2. Chemical stability</b>	Stable.
<b>10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.
<b>10.4. Conditions to avoid</b>	Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point.
<b>10.5. Incompatible materials</b>	Strong oxidising agents.
<b>10.6. Hazardous decomposition products</b>	Upon decomposition, this product emits carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide and/or low molecular weight hydrocarbons.

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

**General information** Occupational exposure to the substance or mixture may cause adverse effects.

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

<b>Inhalation</b>	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Frequent or prolonged contact may defat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and dermatitis.
<b>Eye contact</b>	May be irritating to eyes.
<b>Ingestion</b>	May cause gastrointestinal discomfort if swallowed. Do not induce vomiting. Vomiting may increase risk of product aspiration. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

**Symptoms** Defatting of the skin. Coughing. Shortness of breath. Discomfort in the chest.

#### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

**Acute toxicity** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Components	Species	Test Results
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (CAS 64742-53-6)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Dermal</b>		
LD50	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg

Components	Species	Test Results
<b>Inhalation</b>		
LC50	Rat	> 5000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
<b>Skin corrosion/irritation</b>	May cause defatting of the skin, but is neither an irritant nor a sensitizer.	
<b>Serious eye damage/eye irritation</b>	Not classified. May cause minor irritation on eye contact.	
<b>Respiratory sensitisation</b>	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
<b>Skin sensitisation</b>	Not classified. May cause defatting of the skin, but is not an irritant.	
<b>Germ cell mutagenicity</b>	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA. Note L - Meets EU requirement of less than 3% (w/w) DMSO extract for total polycyclic aromatic compound (PAC) using IP 346.	

**Hungary. 26/2000 EüM Ordinance on protection against and preventing risk relating to exposure to carcinogens at work (as amended)**

Naphtha; Low boiling point naphtha [Refined, partly refined, or unrefined petroleum products produced by the distillation of natural gas. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C5 through C6 and boiling in the rang (CAS 848301-69-9)

<b>Reproductive toxicity</b>	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</b>	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</b>	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
<b>Aspiration hazard</b>	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
<b>Mixture versus substance information</b>	No information available.

**11.2. Information on other hazards**

<b>Endocrine disrupting properties</b>	This mixture does not contain any substances having endocrine disrupting properties with respect to human health as assessed in accordance with the criteria set out in Regulations (EC) No 1907/2006, (EU) No 2017/2100 and (EU) 2018/605, at a concentration equal to or greater than 0.1% by weight.
<b>Other information</b>	Risk of chemical pneumonia after aspiration.

**SECTION 12: Ecological information**

**12.1. Toxicity** Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for hazardous to the aquatic environment.

Product	Species	Test Results
HyVolt I		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Crustacea	EC50 Daphnia	18,75, 48 hours estimated
Fish	LC50 Fish	45, 96 hours estimated
<i>Acute</i>		
Crustacea	EC50 Daphnia	13,5, 48 hours estimated
Fish	LC50 Fish	44, 96 hours estimated

Components	Species	Test Results
Naphtha; Low boiling point naphtha [Refined, partly refined, or unrefined petroleum products produced by the distillation of natural gas. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C5 through C6 and boiling in the rang (CAS 848301-69-9)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Crustacea	EC50 Water flea (Daphnia pulex)	>= 2,7 - <= 5,1 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50 Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	8,8, 96 hours
		8,8, 96 hours
<i>Acute</i>		
Crustacea	EC50 Water flea (Daphnia pulex)	>= 2,7 - <= 5,1 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50 Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	8,8, 96 hours



Not available. \* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

<b>12.2. Persistence and degradability</b>	Expected to be inherently biodegradable.
<b>12.3. Bioaccumulative potential</b>	Bioaccumulation is unlikely to be significant because of the low water solubility of this product.
<b>Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log Kow)</b>	Not established.
<b>Bioconcentration factor (BCF)</b>	Not available.
<b>12.4. Mobility in soil</b>	Expected to be slightly to moderately mobile in soil.
<b>12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment</b>	This mixture does not contain substances assessed to be vPvB / PBT according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XIII.
<b>12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties</b>	This mixture does not contain any substances having endocrine disrupting properties with respect to the environment as assessed in accordance with the criteria set out in Regulations (EC) No 1907/2006, (EU) No 2017/2100 and (EU) 2018/605, at a concentration equal to or greater than 0.1% by weight.
<b>12.7. Other adverse effects</b>	Oil spills are generally hazardous to the environment.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

<b>Residual waste</b>	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Avoid discharge into water courses or onto the ground.
<b>Contaminated packaging</b>	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Offer rinsed packaging material to local recycling facilities.
<b>EU waste code</b>	Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used.
<b>Disposal methods/information</b>	Disposal recommendations are based on material as supplied. Disposal must be in accordance with current applicable laws and regulations, and material characteristics at time of disposal.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

### ADR

14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

### RID

14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

### ADN

14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

### IATA

14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

### IMDG

14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

**14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** This product is a liquid. Therefore, bulk transport is governed by MARPOL 73/78, Annex I.

**General information** Not regulated as dangerous goods.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### EU regulations

**Regulation (EC) No. 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer, Annex I and II, as amended**

Not listed.

**Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 On persistent organic pollutants (recast), as amended**

Not listed.

**Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 1 as amended**

Not listed.

**Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 2 as amended**

Not listed.

**Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 3 as amended**

Not listed.

**Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex V as amended**

Not listed.

**Regulation (EC) No. 166/2006 Annex II Pollutant Release and Transfer Registry, as amended**

Not listed.

**Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Article 59(10) Candidate List as currently published by ECHA**

Not listed.

**UFI:**

EU: K200-U0CW-500N-QY3X

**Authorisations**

**Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XIV Substances subject to authorization, as amended**

Not listed.

**Restrictions on use**

**Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XVII Substances subject to restriction on marketing and use as amended**

Naphtha; Low boiling point naphtha [Refined, partly refined, or unrefined petroleum products produced by the distillation of natural gas. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C5 through C6 and boiling in the rang (CAS 848301-69-9)

**Directive 2004/37/EC: on the protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to carcinogens and mutagens at work, as amended.**

Naphtha; Low boiling point naphtha [Refined, partly refined, or unrefined petroleum products produced by the distillation of natural gas. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C5 through C6 and boiling in the rang (CAS 848301-69-9)

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic (CAS 64742-53-6)

**Other EU regulations**

**Directive 2012/18/EU on major accident hazards involving dangerous substances, as amended**

Naphtha; Low boiling point naphtha [Refined, partly refined, or unrefined petroleum products produced by the distillation of natural gas. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C5 through C6 and boiling in the rang (CAS 848301-69-9)

**Other regulations**

The product is classified and labelled in accordance with Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP Regulation) as amended. This Safety Data Sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended.

HyVolt oils are certified to be PCB-free. HyVolt oils are processed from naturally occurring raw materials with no additives or recycled oils that might introduce PCB contamination.

**National regulations**

Follow national regulation for work with chemical agents in accordance with Directive 98/24/EC, as amended.

Germany: WGK 1

**15.2. Chemical safety assessment**

The chemical safety assessment has been carried out for the components of the mixture listed in section 3 of the SDS. Exposure scenarios relevant for these substances are annexed to this eSDS.

**International Inventories**

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AICIS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

## SECTION 16: Other information

### List of abbreviations

vPvB: very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative.  
PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic.  
CEN: European Committee for Standardization (Comité Européen de Normalisation).  
TWA: Time Weighted Average.  
STEL: Short-term Exposure Limit.  
TLV: Threshold Limit Value.

### References

ACGIH  
IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity  
ACGIH Documentation of the Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices  
Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Handbook  
CRC: Handbook of Chemistry and Physics  
ILO Safety Cards  
International Labour Organization  
International Maritime Organization Marine Pollutants List  
NFPA Hazardous Chemical Data Sheets  
NIOSH Pocket Guide  
Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS)  
US DOT Hazardous Materials Regulations  
Chemical safety report. Korea. Dangerous Substances Threshold Quantity (Presidential Decree of Dangerous Substances Safety Management Act No. 18406, Schedule 1)  
Korea. Harmful Substances Prohibited from Manufacturing (Presidential Decree on the Industrial Safety and Health Act (No. 13053), Article 29)  
Korea. OELs. Regulation for Permitted Concentration of Hazardous Substances (Ministry of Labor (MOL) Public Notice No. 1986-45, as amended)  
Korea. Regulated volatile organic compounds (VOCs) (MOE Notice No. 2001-36, March 8, 2001, as amended)

### Information on evaluation method leading to the classification of mixture

The classification for health and environmental hazards is derived by a combination of calculation methods and test data, if available. For details, refer to Sections 9, 11 and 12.

### Full text of any statements, which are not written out in full under sections 2 to 15

H224 Extremely flammable liquid and vapour.  
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.  
H340 May cause genetic defects.  
H350 May cause cancer.  
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Revision information

Product and Company Identification: Product Registration Numbers  
Composition / Information on Ingredients: Ingredients  
SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients: Composition comments  
Exposure Controls / Personal Protection: OELs  
SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties: Flammability  
SECTION 16: Other information: References  
HazReg Data: Pacific Rim  
GHS: Classification

### Training information

Follow training instructions when handling this material.

### Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

# Annex to the extended Safety Data Sheet (eSDS)

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# 1. ES 1: Use in functional fluids; Industrial

## 1.1. Title section

ES Name: Use in functional fluids; Industrial

### Environment

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1:	Use in functional fluids; Industrial	ERC7
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### Worker

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2:	Product characteristics General measures applicable to all activities	PROC1 PROC2 PROC4 PROC8a PROC8b PROC9 PROC28
3:	Bulk transfers; Dedicated facility	PROC1 PROC2
4:	Drum/batch transfers; Dedicated facility	PROC8b
5:	Filling of articles/equipment; Closed systems	PROC9
6:	Filling of equipment from drums or containers; Non-dedicated facility	PROC8a
7:	General exposures; Closed systems	PROC2
8:	General exposures; Open systems	PROC4
9:	General exposures; Open systems; Elevated temperature	PROC4
10:	Remanufacture of reject articles	PROC9
11:	Equipment cleaning and maintenance	PROC8a PROC28
12:	Storage	PROC1 PROC2

## 1.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

### 1.2.1. Control of environmental exposure: Use in functional fluids; Industrial (ERC7)

#### Product (article) characteristics

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Substance is complex UVCB.

Predominantly hydrophobic

#### Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure

---

Fraction of EU tonnage used in region 10 %

Regional use tonnage 8700,34 tonnes/year

Fraction of regional tonnage used locally 0,11 %

Annual site tonnage 10 tonnes/day

Maximum daily site tonnage 500 kg/day

Emission days: 20 days per year

Continuous release

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

---

Control measures to prevent releases : Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used. Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater. Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater. If discharging to municipal sewage treatment plant, no onsite wastewater treatment required. Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of Air - minimum efficiency of 0 %

#### Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant

---

Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of Waste - minimum efficiency of 0 %

Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.

Sewage sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.

Not applicable as there is no release to wastewater.

Estimated substance removal from wastewater via municipal sewage treatment Waste - minimum efficiency of 88,8 %

Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite municipal treatment plant) RMMs Waste - minimum efficiency of 88,8 %

STP effluent: 2000 m3/day

Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe): 4591 kg/day

#### Conditions and measures related to treatment of waste (including article waste)

---

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

#### Other conditions affecting environmental exposure

---

Local marine water dilution factor: 100

Local freshwater dilution factor: 10

- . Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM) 0,01 %
- . Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM) 0,0001 %
- . Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM) 0,1 %

### **1.2.2. Control of worker exposure: Product characteristics General measures applicable to all activities (PROC1 PROC2 PROC4 PROC8a PROC8b PROC9 PROC28)**

#### **Product (article) characteristics**

---

Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at Standard Temperature and Pressure

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 %.

#### **Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure**

---

Duration: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours

#### **Other conditions affecting workers exposure**

---

Covers use at ambient temperatures.°C

#### **Additional good practice advice. Obligations according to Article 37(4) of REACH do not apply**

---

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

### **1.2.3. Control of worker exposure: Bulk transfers; Dedicated facility (PROC1 PROC2)**

#### **Technical and organisational conditions and measures**

---

Handle substance within a closed system.

### **1.2.4. Control of worker exposure: Drum/batch transfers; Dedicated facility (PROC8b)**

#### **Technical and organisational conditions and measures**

---

No other specific measures identified.

#### **Additional good practice advice. Obligations according to Article 37(4) of REACH do not apply**

---

Ensure no splashing occurs during transfer.

### **1.2.5. Control of worker exposure: Filling of articles/equipment; Closed systems (PROC9)**

#### **Technical and organisational conditions and measures**

---

Handle substance within a closed system.

### **1.2.6. Control of worker exposure: Filling of equipment from drums or containers; Non-dedicated facility (PROC8a)**

#### **Technical and organisational conditions and measures**

---

Use drum pumps.

#### **Additional good practice advice. Obligations according to Article 37(4) of REACH do not apply**

---

Ensure no splashing occurs during transfer.

### **1.2.7. Control of worker exposure: General exposures; Closed systems (PROC2)**

#### **Technical and organisational conditions and measures**

---

Handle substance within a closed system.

Sample via a closed loop or other system to avoid exposure.

### **1.2.8. Control of worker exposure: General exposures; Open systems (PROC4)**

#### **Technical and organisational conditions and measures**

---

No other specific measures identified.

### **1.2.9. Control of worker exposure: General exposures; Open systems; Elevated temperature (PROC4)**

#### **Technical and organisational conditions and measures**

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Minimise exposure by partial enclosure of the operation or equipment and provide extract ventilation at openings.

#### **Other conditions affecting workers exposure**

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Assumes process temperature up to 80°C

### **1.2.10. Control of worker exposure: Remanufacture of reject articles (PROC9)**

#### **Technical and organisational conditions and measures**

---

Drain or remove substance from equipment prior to break-in or maintenance.

### **1.2.11. Control of worker exposure: Equipment cleaning and maintenance (PROC8a PROC28)**

#### **Technical and organisational conditions and measures**

---

Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

#### **Additional good practice advice. Obligations according to Article 37(4) of REACH do not apply**

---

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

Clear spills immediately.

### 1.2.12. Control of worker exposure: Storage (PROC1 PROC2)

#### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

---

Store substance within a closed system.

## 1.3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

### 1.3.1. Environmental release and exposure: Use in functional fluids; Industrial (ERC7)

protection target	Exposure estimate	Method	RCR
Maximum Risk Characterization Ratios for air emissions		Hydrocarbon Block Method (Petrorisk)	<0,01
Maximum Risk Characterization Ratios for wastewater emissions		Hydrocarbon Block Method (Petrorisk)	0,73

## 1.4. Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

### Environment

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (<http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html>).

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

### Health

Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for aspiration effects.

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operational conditions outlined in section 2 are implemented.

Risk management measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

## 2. ES 2: Use in functional fluids; Professional

### 2.1. Title section

ES Name: Use in functional fluids; Professional

#### Environment

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1:	Use in functional fluids; Professional	ERC9a ERC9b
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#### Worker

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2:	Product characteristics General measures applicable to all activities	PROC1 PROC2 PROC3 PROC8a PROC9 PROC20 PROC28
3:	Drum/batch transfers; Non-dedicated facility	PROC8a
4:	Transfer from/pouring from containers	PROC9
5:	Filling of equipment from drums or containers	PROC9
6:	General exposures; Closed systems	PROC1 PROC2 PROC3
7:	Operation of equipment containing engine oils and similar; Closed systems	PROC20
8:	Operation of equipment containing engine oils and similar; Closed systems; Elevated temperature	PROC20
9:	Remanufacture of reject articles	PROC9
10:	Equipment maintenance	PROC8a PROC28
11:	Storage	PROC1 PROC2

### 2.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

#### 2.2.1. Control of environmental exposure: Use in functional fluids; Professional (ERC9a ERC9b)

##### Product (article) characteristics

---

Substance is complex UVCB.

Predominantly hydrophobic

##### Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure

---

Fraction of EU tonnage used in region 10 %

Regional use tonnage 1783,26 tonnes/year

Fraction of regional tonnage used locally 0,05 %

Annual site tonnage 0,89163 tonnes/day

Maximum daily site tonnage 2,4428 kg/day

Emission days: 365 days per year

Continuous release

##### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

---

Control measures to prevent releases : Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used. Risk from environmental exposure is driven by freshwater sediment. Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater. If discharging to municipal sewage treatment plant, no onsite wastewater treatment required.

##### Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant

---

Treat onsite wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of Waste - minimum efficiency of 81,2 %

Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.

Sewage sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.

Not applicable as there is no release to wastewater.

Estimated substance removal from wastewater via municipal sewage treatment Waste - minimum efficiency of 88,8 %

Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after onsite and offsite municipal treatment plant) RMMs Waste - minimum efficiency of 88,8 %

STP effluent: 2000 m3/day

Maximum allowable site tonnage (MSafe): 4,0823 kg/day

##### Conditions and measures related to treatment of waste (including article waste)

---

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

##### Other conditions affecting environmental exposure

---

Local marine water dilution factor: 100

Local freshwater dilution factor: 10



- . Release fraction to air from wide dispersive use (regional only) 5 %
- . Release fraction to wastewater from wide dispersive use 5 %
- . Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only) 5 %

## **2.2.2. Control of worker exposure: Product characteristics General measures applicable to all activities (PROC1 PROC2 PROC3 PROC8a PROC9 PROC20 PROC28)**

### **Product (article) characteristics**

---

Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa at Standard Temperature and Pressure

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 %.

### **Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure**

---

Duration: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours

### **Other conditions affecting workers exposure**

---

Covers use at ambient temperatures.°C

### **Additional good practice advice. Obligations according to Article 37(4) of REACH do not apply**

---

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

## **2.2.3. Control of worker exposure: Drum/batch transfers; Non-dedicated facility (PROC8a)**

### **Technical and organisational conditions and measures**

---

Use drum pumps.

### **Additional good practice advice. Obligations according to Article 37(4) of REACH do not apply**

---

Ensure no splashing occurs during transfer.

## **2.2.4. Control of worker exposure: Transfer from/pouring from containers (PROC9)**

### **Technical and organisational conditions and measures**

---

Use drum pumps.

## **2.2.5. Control of worker exposure: Filling of equipment from drums or containers (PROC9)**

### **Technical and organisational conditions and measures**

---

Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).

## **2.2.6. Control of worker exposure: General exposures; Closed systems (PROC1 PROC2 PROC3)**

### **Technical and organisational conditions and measures**

---

Handle substance within a closed system.

Sample via a closed loop or other system to avoid exposure.

## **2.2.7. Control of worker exposure: Operation of equipment containing engine oils and similar; Closed systems (PROC20)**

### **Technical and organisational conditions and measures**

---

Handle substance within a closed system.

## **2.2.8. Control of worker exposure: Operation of equipment containing engine oils and similar; Closed systems; Elevated temperature (PROC20)**

### **Technical and organisational conditions and measures**

---

Handle substance within a closed system.

### **Other conditions affecting workers exposure**

---

Assumes process temperature up to 80°C

## **2.2.9. Control of worker exposure: Remanufacture of reject articles (PROC9)**

### **Technical and organisational conditions and measures**

---

Drain or remove substance from equipment prior to break-in or maintenance.

## **2.2.10. Control of worker exposure: Equipment maintenance (PROC8a PROC28)**

### **Technical and organisational conditions and measures**

---

Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

### **Additional good practice advice. Obligations according to Article 37(4) of REACH do not apply**

---

Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.

Clear spills immediately.

## **2.2.11. Control of worker exposure: Storage (PROC1 PROC2)**

### **Technical and organisational conditions and measures**

---

Store substance within a closed system.

## 2.3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

### 2.3.1. Environmental release and exposure: Use in functional fluids; Professional (ERC9a ERC9b)

protection target	Exposure estimate	Method	RCR
Maximum Risk Characterization Ratios for air emissions		Hydrocarbon Block Method (Petrorisk)	0,32
Maximum Risk Characterization Ratios for wastewater emissions		Hydrocarbon Block Method (Petrorisk)	0,6

## 2.4. Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

### Environment

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (<http://cefic.org/en/reach-for-industries-libraries.html>).

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination.

Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination.

### Health

Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for aspiration effects.

Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operational conditions outlined in section 2 are implemented.

Risk management measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.